May 31, 1994

Introduced By:

Kent Pullen Jane Hague

jym/clerk

Proposed No.:

94-288

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ORDINANCE NO. 11348

AN ORDINANCE relating to campaign contribution limitations, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. Findings of fact. A. The county finds that, in the interest of the public health, safety and welfare, it is necessary to safeguard the integrity of the political process. Therefore, the county election process and county government should be protected from undue influence by individuals and groups making large contributions to the election campaigns of candidates for executive, county council, and assessor.

The county finds that, in the interest of the В. public health, safety and welfare, it is necessary to safeguard the confidence in the political process. Therefore, the county election process and county government should be protected from even the appearance of undue influence by individuals or groups contributing to candidates for executive, county council, and assessor. The confidence of the public in a fair and democratic election process is vital. In the high cost of election campaigning, there can be the problem of improper influence, real or perceived, exercised by campaign contributors over elected officials. It is the policy of this county to foster broad-based citizen involvement in financing election campaigns. further finds that public confidence can also be enhanced by broadening public disclosure requirements with respect to the transfer and use of surplus campaign funds.

- C. The county therefore finds that limitations on contributions of money, services and materials by individuals or groups to county election campaigns should be imposed by law to protect the public health, safety, welfare and the integrity of the political process. These limitations, however, should be reasonable, so as not to discourage personal expression.
- The county, therefore, finds it is in the public interest to encourage the widest participation of the public in the electoral process, to reduce the dependence of candidates on large contributions and to increase public knowledge of the candidates and of election issues. county finds that campaign expenditure limitations are in the best interest of the public. Recognizing that public matching funds for campaign purposes are necessary for voluntary expenditure limitations to be successful and voluntary programs are the only limitations constitutionally permissible, the council finds a program of public matching funds should be established. The council recognizes, however, that effective December 3, 1992, Washington Initiative 134 passed by the voters at the November 3, 1992 general election prohibits the use of public funds to finance political campaigns for state or local office.

SECTION 2. For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

A. "Candidate" means any individual who seeks election to a public office set out in K.C.C. 1.05.030 whether or not successfully. An individual shall be deemed to be seeking election when he or she first: receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves space or facilities with intent to promote his or her candidacy for office, announces publicly or files for office, whichever occurs first.

"Contribution" means a loan, loan guarantee, gift, В. deposit, subscription, forgiveness of indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds between political committees, or transfer of anything of value, including personal and professional services, for less than full consideration. "Contribution" does not include interest on moneys deposited in a political committees' account, ordinary home hospitality, volunteer in-kind labor or incidental expenses not in excess of twenty-five dollars personally paid for by a volunteer campaign worker. For the purposes of this chapter, contributions other than money or its equivalents shall be deemed to have a money value equivalent to the fair market value of the "contribution". Sums paid for tickets to fundraising events such as dinners and parties are contributions; however, the amount of any such contribution may be reduced for the purpose of complying with the reporting requirements of this chapter by the actual cost of consumables furnished in connection with the purchase of such tickets, and only the excess over actual cost of such consumables shall be deemed a contribution.

c. "Election cycle" means the combination of the general or special election and the primary election for the office in question and begins on the date an individual becomes a candidate for such office and ends on the date that candidate files his or her final report pursuant to RCW 42.17.080(2).

D. "Expenditure" means a payment, contribution, subscription, distribution, loan advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. "Expenditure" also includes a promise to pay; and a payment or transfer of anything of value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or anything of

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value for the purpose of assisting, benefiting or honoring any public official or candidate, or assisting in furthering or opposing any election campaign. For purposes of this chapter, expenditures other than money or its equivalent shall be deemed to have a monetary value equal to the fair market value of the expenditure. "Expenditure" shall not include:

- The partial or complete repayment by a candidate or political committee of the principal of a loan, the receipt of which loan has been properly reported; or
 - 2. The value of in-kind labor; or
- 3. Fines paid as a result of any penalties imposed on a candidate for violating this chapter.
- E. "Fair advertising" means any publication, literature or media advertising, which bears the clear and conspicuous identification of the sponsoring candidate's name.
- F. "In-kind labor" means services provided by a person who volunteers all or a portion of his/her time to a candidate's election campaign, and who is not paid by any person for such services.
- G. "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure on behalf of, or opposing the election of, any candidate, when such expenditure is made independently of the candidate, his/her political committee, or agent, and when such expenditure is made without the prior consent, or the collusion, or the cooperation, of the candidate or his/her agent or political committee.
- H. "Own resources" means a candidate's personal funds or property; provided, however, that it shall not include:
- a candidate's surplus campaign funds as defined in RCW 42.17.020 from a prior campaign for an elected position, except for such surplus funds as have been

transferred to a candidate's personal account pursuant to RCW 42.17.095(2).

- excess campaign funds as defined in 2 USC
 Section 439(a) and 11 CFR Section 113.2, or
- contributions received for a campaign for any other office.
- I. "Person" means any individual, association, corporation, candidate, committee, political committee, political party, partnership or other entity.
- J. "Political Committee" means any person (except a candidate or an individual dealing with his own funds or property) having the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in support of, or in opposition to, any candidate and which has also filed as a political committee pursuant to RCW 42.17.
- K. "Political party" shall mean a major political party or a new or minor party which is established pursuant to RCW 29.42.
- L. "Resident" means an individual natural person whose domicile is within the boundaries of King County.
- SECTION 3. Application. These limits shall apply only to candidates in any primary, general or special election for the offices of King County executive, council, and assessor.

SECTION 4. Mandatory Limitations on Contributions.

A. No person other than a political committee shall make contributions during the election cycle totaling more than six hundred fifty dollars in the aggregate to any candidate for executive, county council or assessor, nor shall any political committee make contributions during the election cycle totaling more than one thousand dollars in the aggregate to any candidate for executive, county council or assessor.

- B. No candidate for executive, county council, or assessor shall accept or receive during the election cycle campaign contributions totaling more than six hundred fifty dollars in the aggregate from any person other than a political committee nor shall any such candidate accept or receive during the election cycle campaign contributions totaling more than one thousand dollars in the aggregate from any political committee.
 - C. The limitations in this section shall not apply to:
- 1. A candidate's contributions of his/her own resources to his/her own campaign; the limitations imposed by this section shall apply to the contributions of all others; and
- 2. Independent expenditures as defined by this chapter; and
 - 3. The value of in-kind labor; and
- 4. Contributions to or expenditures from public office funds made consistent with the provisions of RCW 42.17.243.
- D. Surplus campaign funds, as defined in RCW 42.17.030, from a candidate's prior campaign and contributions received by a candidate in connection with a campaign for another office may be used by that candidate for the candidate's current campaign only to the extent that such funds are derived from contributions that were within the dollar limitations imposed by this ordinance. If such funds are from a campaign not governed by this ordinance, a candidate may use only so much of each contribution previously received as would have been allowable as a contribution under this ordinance if it had applied to that campaign. The source of a candidate's surplus campaign funds shall be determined to be derived from the most recent contributions received by such candidate or that candidate's

political committee which in total equal the amount of the surplus campaign funds. A candidate must file a statement with the records and elections division and the Public Disclosure Commission which identified any funds used pursuant to this section. The statement shall include the following information for each amount transferred: The original contributor, original date of contribution, amount originally contributed, and the portion of each contribution transferred to the current campaign.

SECTION 5. Penalties. The violation or failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter shall constitute a civil violation for which a monetary fine of up to one thousand dollars shall be assessed. Each violation shall be a separate violation and shall be subject to the fine. An action seeking to establish the fact of a violation and imposition of a monetary fine under this section shall be commenced with the assistance of the county prosecuting attorney.

SECTION 6. Rules. Ordinance 10742 adopted rules relating to campaign contribution limitations with respect to political campaigns for the offices of King County executive, council and assessor and these rules remain in effect as amended by this ordinance.

SECTION 7. Ordinance 10742, attachment A, Section 5.5 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Election cycle" means the ((period commencing on the election certification date after the last prior election for the affected office until the election certification date of the next election for said office. In the case of a newly created position, the election cycle shall be the period commencing on the date the position is created until the election certification date of the newly created position)) combination of the general or special election and the

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primary election for the office in question and begins on the date an individual becomes a candidate for such office and ends on the date that candidate files his or her final report pursuant to RCW 42.17.080(2).

SECTION 8. Ordinance 10742, attachment A, Section 6.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- Election Cycle Contributions from Persons 6.3.1 other than Political Committees. All persons, except political committees, are prohibited from making contributions during the election cycle totaling more than \$650 in the aggregate to any candidate for executive, county council or assessor.
- Election Cycle Contributions from Political 6.3.2 No political committee may make contributions Committees. during the election cycle totaling more than \$1,000 in the aggregate to any candidate for executive, county council or assessor.
- Acceptance of Contributions by County Office Candidates from Persons other than Political Committees. candidate for executive, county council, or assessor shall accept or receive ((in an)) during the election cycle campaign contributions totaling more than \$650 in the aggregate from any persons ((s)) other than political committees.
- Acceptance of Contributions by County Office 6.3.4 Candidates from Political Committees. No candidate for executive, county council, or assessor shall accept or receive ((in an)) during the election cycle campaign contributions totaling more than \$1,000, in the aggregate from any political committee ((s)).
- Each spouse in a single-income family may contribute up to \$650 to the same candidate in an election cycle.

- Unless otherwise instructed, a contribution drawn upon a joint account shall be attributed in equal proportion to each of the account holders as identified by the names printed on the face of the check or negotiable Unless otherwise instructed, a monetary
- A contribution made to a political committee and earmarked for a specific candidate shall be attributed to
- Exceptions. The limitations imposed by this
- A candidate's contributions of his/her own
- Independent expenditures as defined in K.C.C.
- Contributions to or expenditures from public office funds made consistent with the provisions of RCW
- SECTION 9. Severability. Should any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence clause or phrase of this chapter be declared unconstitutional or invalid for any reason, such decision shall not affect the validity of the